

FLUTE AUDITION EXCERPTS

Please choose any two (2) excerpts from the selections below to be performed during your audition. One excerpt should feature lyrical playing, while the other should showcase technical ability.

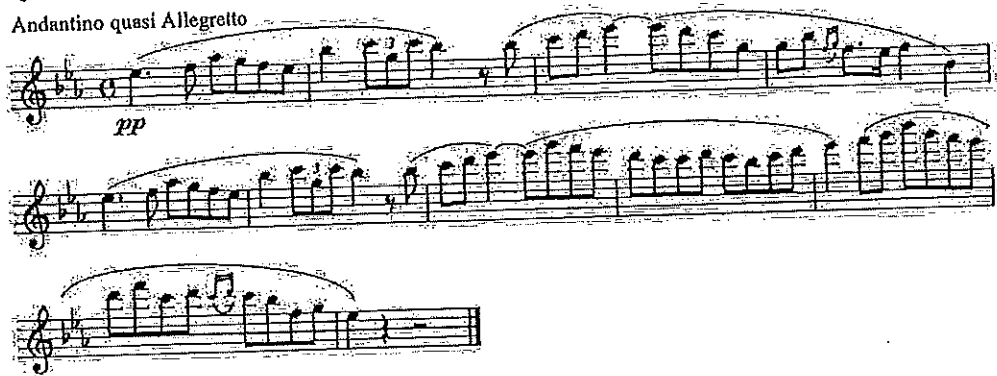
This packet contains a large selection of excerpts; the intention is to provide music for students of all ability and experience levels. Please choose the excerpts which you feel best highlights your skills as a performer. You should not feel any pressure or expectation to perform music more difficult than your comfort level.

You may prepare a third selection of your choosing for the audition (either from this packet or from your own personal library.) However, this is completely optional and not expected.

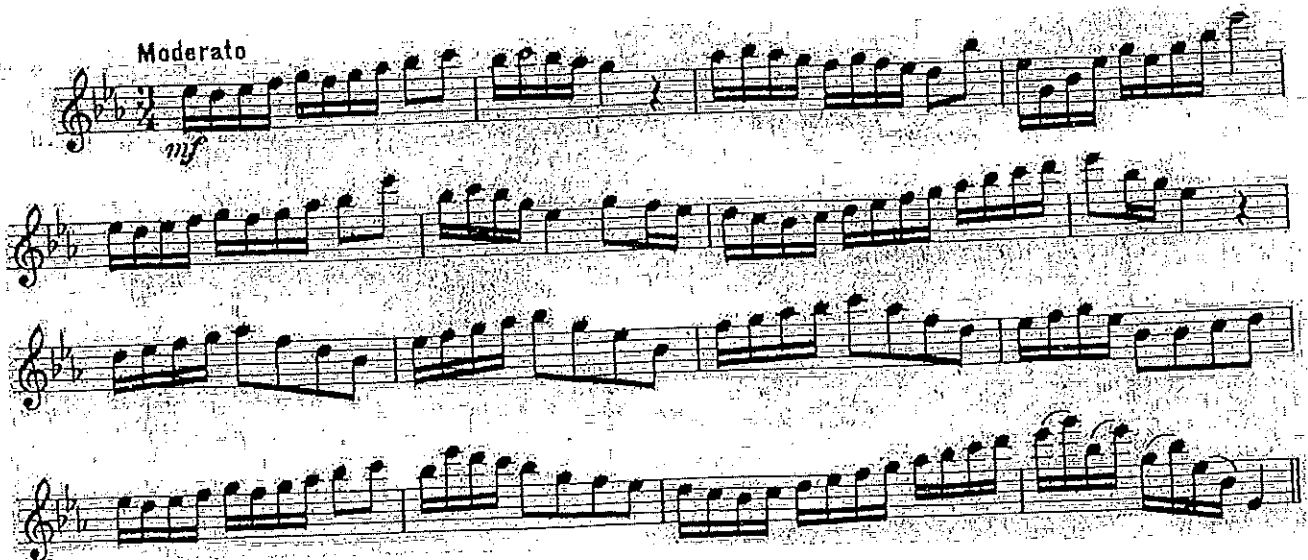
BIZET: Carmen - Prelude to Act III

$\text{♩} = 88$

Andantino quasi Allegretto



Moderato



II. Princess Leia's Theme

JOHN WILLIAMS

FLUTE 1

15 Un Poco Più Mosso
3
rall.

19 Solo-espr.
mp a tempo

22

26 mf f brillante

30

32

34

#3

IV Shostakovich
Symphony No. 5, Finale

Flauto I Allegro non troppo

start

Handwritten musical score for Flauto I, measures 97-102. The score is written on a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The tempo is marked "Allegro non troppo".

Measure 97: Starts with a treble clef, a B-flat key signature, and a common time signature. It features a melodic line with a trill, a triplet of eighth notes, and a dynamic marking of *f*. The bass line has a triplet of eighth notes. The measure ends with a dynamic marking of *fff*.

Measure 98: Continues the melodic line with a dynamic marking of *ff*. It includes a triplet of eighth notes.

Measure 99: Continues the melodic line with a dynamic marking of *ff*. It includes a triplet of eighth notes.

Measure 100: Continues the melodic line with a dynamic marking of *ff*. It includes a triplet of eighth notes.

Measure 101: Continues the melodic line with a dynamic marking of *ff*. It includes a triplet of eighth notes.

Measure 102: Ends with a dynamic marking of *ff* and a measure rest. The score is marked "end" with a bracket.

Handwritten annotations include "start" at the beginning of measure 97, "accelerando poco a poco" below measure 97, and "end" at the end of measure 102. A bracket connects measure 97 to measure 102.

PROFANATION

from "JEREMIAH, Symphony No. 1"

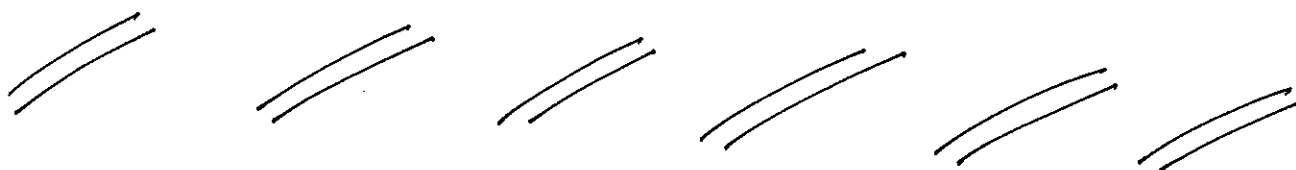
LEONARD BERNSTEIN
arranged for Band by
Frank Benneriscutto

1st Flute

Vivace con brio
1. only

$\text{♩} = \text{♩}$ Beat 8/8 in 3

Measures 1-15 of the 1st Flute part. The score is in 8/8 time, 3/8 of a beat per measure. It begins with a dynamic of *p*. The first line contains measures 1-4, the second line measures 5-8, the third line measures 9-12, and the fourth line measures 13-15. Measures 5-8 and 9-12 are marked with first, second, and third endings respectively. The dynamic changes to *sub. ff* at measure 9 and back to *p* at measure 13. The piece concludes with a double bar line at measure 15.

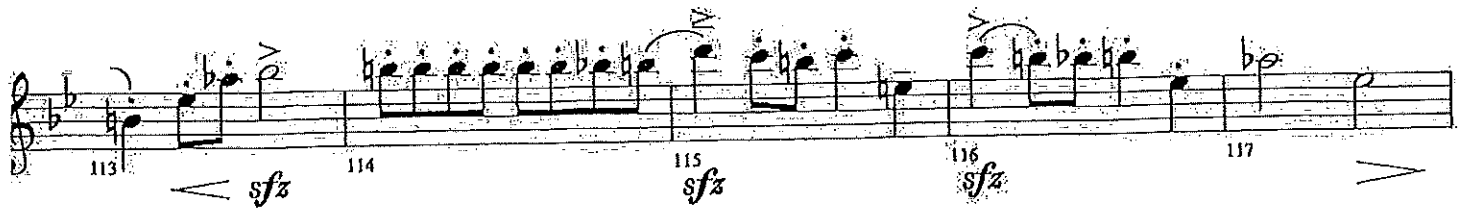


Cantabile Espressivo

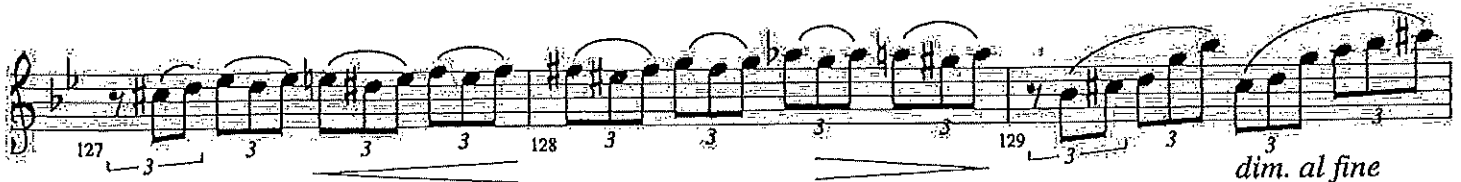
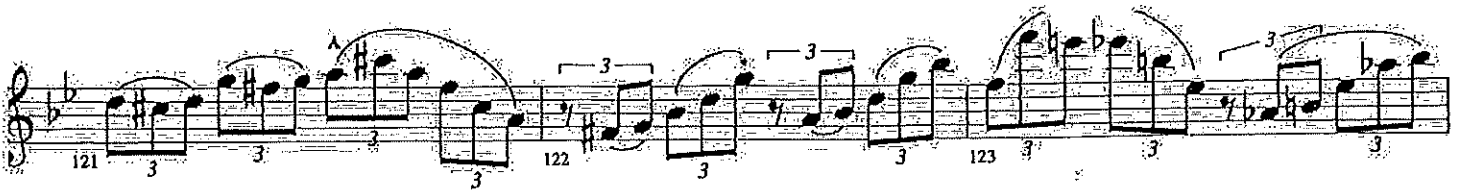
♩ = 64

Measures 16-20 of the Cantabile Espressivo section. The score is in 4/4 time, with a tempo marking of 64 beats per minute. It begins with a dynamic of *f*. The first line contains measures 16-17, the second line measures 18-19, and the third line measures 20-21. The dynamic changes to *mf* at measure 18 and back to *f* at measure 20. The piece concludes with a double bar line at measure 21.

110 Forcefully! $\text{♩} = 160 +$



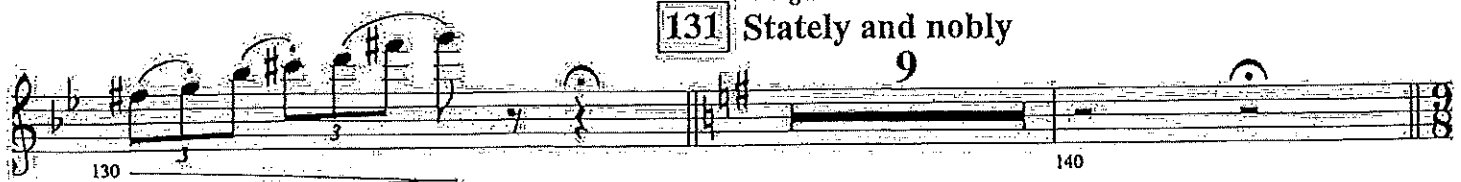
118 One player



"Hogwarts Forever"

131 Stately and nobly

9



Flûte 1

Vocalise #2

Giuseppe Concone

Andante Cantabile $\text{♩} = 76$

8

14

20

26

31

Study NO. 10
from *Thirty Easy and Progressive Studies*

Giuseppe Gariboldi (1833–1905)

Allegro (♩ = 120)

The musical score for Study No. 10 is written for a single melodic line in treble clef, 2/4 time. It consists of nine staves of music, with measure numbers 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 30, 34, and 38 indicated at the beginning of their respective staves. The tempo is marked 'Allegro' with a quarter note equal to 120 beats per minute. The key signature has one sharp (F#), indicating D major or A minor. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and dynamic markings. The dynamics are marked as *p* (piano) at measures 1, 16, 26, 30, and 38, and *f* (forte) at measures 17 and 39. The piece concludes with a double bar line at the end of the final staff.

Badinerie

from Orchestral Suite No. 2 in B minor

Johann Sebastian Bach (1685–1750)

BWV 1067

$\text{♩} = 120$

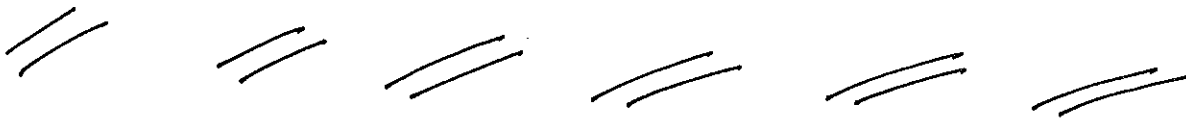
mf

6

12

mf cresc.

f



Allegro

from Sonata No. 4 in D major

Johann Joachim Quantz (1697–1773)

QV 1:48

Allegro ($\text{♩} = 108$)

7

13

19

1 2

Symphony No. 3 in E $\flat$ Major, "Eroica"

Movement IV

LUDWIG VAN BEETHOVEN, Op. 55
(1770-1827)

This is a solo of great contrasts. Emphasize the stylistic contrasts by playing the beginning of the solo with a lyrical, singing quality and the end of the solo with rhythmic clarity and technical brilliance. Beethoven's utilization of the full dynamic range and tessitura of the flute requires complete tonal control at every dynamic level and in every register. In the score, the flute and 1st violins do not have a slur in bar 182.

Erratum: There should be a slur from the trill in measure 199 into the following D in 200.

Allegro molto ($\frac{1}{2} = 200$)

183

184

185

186

187

188

189

190

191

192

193

194

195

196

197

198

199

200

p

f

ff

cresc.

p

cresc.

p

cresc. sf

201

202

BRAHMS: Symphony No. 4 -- Mvmt. 4

$\text{♩} = 63-66$

pp *dim.* *p* *espressivo* *poco cresc.*

4. "THE BRISK YOUNG SAILOR" (who returned to wed his True Love)

Grainger, Lincolnshire Poy
Mvt. 4

Sprightly ($\text{♩} = 96$) *mp* *f*

9 17 23

Salome

Salome's Dance (Dance of the Seven Veils)

RICHARD STRAUSS, Op. 54
(1864-1949)

The Oriental flavor of this Biblical tale set to music is thick with a sensual and seductive atmosphere. There should always be a forward motion, even in the long notes. The sound should spin forward in the long notes with a vibrato that increases in intensity rather than a stagnant tone that stops the phrase. Throughout the solo the tone should be dark and rich.

Erratum: In the third bar of H, there should be a tie between the first two E's.

Glossary of German musical terms:

ziemlich langsam
hervortretend
etwas zögernd
sehr gemessen

fairly slow
prominent
somewhat hesitating
very measured

Ziemlich langsam. (♩=72) *(hervortretend)*

pp *f* *p* *f* *dim.* *p* *pp* *p*

u tempo *etwas zögernd* *(hervortretend)* *sehr gemessen*

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